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THESIS PROPOSAL

Title: Effect of Corrosion on Carbon Steel, Stainless Steel, Low Alloy and Duplex
Substrate coated with nanocoating on CO₂ Environment

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

CO₂ corrosion can be prevented by coating technology. Introducing of nanocoating will reduce corrosion risk as it reduces maintenance and repair cost and protects environment security.

1. THE TOPIC / PROBLEM

Rich CO₂ environment with the presence of water will produce a corrosive environment for steel. It will corrode steel in the form of pitting. To control corrosion, nanocoating will be introduced in further experiments. It is interesting to know how effective nanocoating will offer to reduce CO₂ corrosion.

2. LITERATURE REVIEW: PREVIOUS WORK ON THE TOPIC

Corrosion is defined as the destruction process of materials by the influence of high or very low temperature, high corrosive fluid, microbiology activities and high mechanical movement. The emerging of nanocoating technology gives a big impact to modern industry as well as oil and gas industry. Previous studies show that high pitting corrosion occurs on the bare surface of stainless steel in a rich CO₂ environment. Corrosion occurs when CO₂ is immersed in water to form carbonic acid. In this study, nanocoating has been used to protect steel from carbonic acid. Nanocoating will act as corrosion protection by introducing a thin layer chemical barrier on the substrate surface. Nanocoating will increase the economic life of steel which increases metal reliability. As a consequence, it will reduce the cost for operation, maintenance and repair.

3. THEORETICAL CONCERN / SITUATING THE STUDY IN THE FIELD

Theoretically, introducing of nanocoating on steel will reduce CO₂ corrosion and other forms of corrosion such as atmospheric corrosion, oxygen corrosion and corrosion under insulation. In oil and gas industry, cathodic protection is used as an additional method to control external corrosion. Compatibility coating with a designed cathodic system is very important to optimize corrosion control. It needs further study to verify this problem.

4. RESEARCH QUESTIONS AND THE WORKING HYPOTHESIS

How effective is nanocoating in preventing CO₂ corrosion.

5. METHODOLOGY

Steel sample coated with nanocoating will immersed in rich CO₂ gas flow in control velocity.

6. POSSIBLE OBSTACLES

Mechanical damage on nanocoating because not have ability to withstand experimental velocity.

7. RELEVANCE OF STUDY

To reduce failure in industry.

To protect environment.

To improve maintenance and repair cost

8. TENTATIVE THESIS CHAPTER OUTLINE

1. Title
2. Acknowledgement
3. Appreciation
4. Abstract
5. Content
6. Case study
7. Methodology
8. Result
9. Reference
10. Appendix

9. RESEARCH PLAN/TIMETABLE

No	Description	Activities	Time
1	Experiment	Prepare experiment draft	1 month
2	Experiment	Finding experiment problem and solve	1 month
3	Experiment	Running experiment	6 months
4	Research writing	Writing	4 months
5	Conference		1 month
6	Submission	Preliminary thesis and final thesis	2 months

10. BIBLIOGRAPHY

Corrosion Protection of Stainless steel in CO₂ Environment by Nanocoating of Zinc Phosphate with DLC Filler, Rajesh Kumar Singh, Sanjoy Misra

Nano Coating Application for Corrosion Reduction in Oil and Gas Transmission Pipe: A Case Study in South of Iran, E. Noveiri and S. Torfi